Dark Humour in the Clinical Setting Part 1: What is Humour?

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• Humour is human – humour is humane

- Humour is human humour is humane
- The Gladwell Colbert exchange

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- Whence the darkness?

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- Building a family building a team
- Work on humour is historically/proportionately absent in philosophy/academia

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- Tentative Proposed Questions:
 - Is 'dark humour' a kind or a context?
 - How is humour used?
 - Examples, good and bad.

- Proposed methodology: X-phi... Think listen think
- Interview process with pre-selection in four initial services: psychiatry, critical care, palliative, surgery.

Think pt.1 What is Humour?

Theories of humour

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- Theories of humour
 - The superiority theory
 - The incongruity theory
 - The relief theory
 - The benign violation theory
 - The play theory

The superiority theory (Hobbes)

"Humour is a sudden glory arising in some conception of some eminency in ourselves, by comparison with the infirmity of others, or with our own formerly"

Strengths: still readily observable as an example of comedy, eg. Blond jokes, fat jokes, etc.

Weakness: lack of explanatory power, paints humour as morally deficient.

The Relief Theory (Freud)

Humour is a mechanism to release increasing internal tension, with varying forms of humour relieve different tensions or impulses. As we age, maturity replaces humour as we gain mastery over said impulses. This type of humour is especially prevalent in taboo or extreme circumstances.

Incongruence Theory (Kant, Schopenhauer)

Humour is the result of the disappointment of our expectations of the way the world is or ought to be. The greater the incongruity, the better the joke.

• Three conditions:

Three conditions:

violation

Three conditions:

- Violation
- Violation is benign

Three conditions:

- Violation
- Violation is benign
- Both realizations occur simultaneously

The Play Theory

Humour is a form of extended and sophisticated play that allows and facilitates learning, boundary-making, trust, and social bonding. Humour especially requires participation and gratuity, a comportment on the part of the actor and the recipient that models other and subsequent relationship forming.

What do we ultimately want?

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- This project is not about defining the essence of humour, nor its vivisection.
- We begin with Wittgenstein's assumption that the meaning of humour will be established by its use, and that all the definitions discussed today will be present in stories of clinical humour.
- I propose that the project observe the uses of humour in the clinical setting, listen to the successful accounts, the failed accounts, to gain a better sense of whether 'dark humour' is an example of a macabre and privileged unprofessional activity or if it is simply a fundamentally humane response to dark circumstances and a potentially inoperable affliction of the condition of being human.