STandard versus Accelerated initiation of Renal Replacement Therapy in Acute Kidney Injury (STARRT-AKI): A Multi-Centre, Randomized, Controlled Trial



CRF Version 4.0 April 2, 2018

# PART I: ELIGIBILITY AND ENROLLMENT

Subject ID:	
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### FORM 1-ELIGIBILITY

INCLUSION CRITERIA (Each of criteria 1 through 5 must be fulfilled at the time of screening				
assessment)				
1	Y N			
2	$\square$ Y $\square$ N			
3.	Y N			
4. ]	Evidence of severe AKI, defined by at least ONE of the	e following three criteria:		
	i) ≥2-fold increase in serum creatinine (sCR) from during the current hospitalization; OR	h baseline <sup>§</sup> (see definition below) or	Y N	
	ii) Achievement of a serum creatinine ≥ 354 μmol, minimum increase of 27 μmol/L (0.3 mg/dL) fr	_	Y N	
	definition below) or during the current hospitali	• ` '		
	iii) Urine output < 6.0 mL/kg over the preceding 1		Y N	
	S <u>Baseline serum creatinine</u> will be defined as the outpatient <u>(pre-</u>			
	date of hospitalization and within 365 days prior to index hospit	3		
	serum creatinine documented during the current hospitalization. F		μmol/L	
	LUSION CRITERIA (Any one criterion fulfilled a	nd the patient is ineligible)		
1.	Serum potassium $> 5.5 \text{ mmol/L}$		∐Y ∐N	
2.	2. Serum bicarbonate < 15 mmol/L			
3.	$\square$ Y $\square$ N			
4.	Y N			
5. Any RRT within the previous 2 months (either acute or chronic RRT)			Y N	
6.	YN			
7.	Y N			
8.	Presence or clinical suspicion of renal obstruction, rapivasculitis, thrombotic microangiopathy, or acute inters		Y N	
9.	Clinician(s) caring for patient believe(s) that immediate (If YES, remember to complete Form 3)		Y N	
	If YES, ask clinician(s) for the ONE main reason for	Patient has life-threatening volu	ıme overload	
	their opinion that immediate RRT is mandated	Patient has a life-threatening ac		
		disturbance		
		Patient has a life-threatening eleabnormality	ectrolyte	
		Patient has severe non-renal or	gan dysfunction	
	reason to initiate			
10.	Clinician(s) caring for patient believe(s) that deferral of	dialysis (please specify): f RRT initiation is mandated	Y N	
	(If YES, remember to complete Form 3)			
	If YES, ask clinician(s) for the ONE main reason	There is no evidence of volume	overload	
	for their opinion that deferral of RRT is mandated	Vascular access would not be fea	asible	

Subject ID:	
	Patient will soon recover kidney function
	Patient is clinically improving in non-renal domains
	Patient has another compelling reason to defer RRT (please specify):
ELIGIBILITY	
According to the screening criteria above, is the patient elig	gible for the study? Y N
If YES, date (dd/mmm/yyyy) of full eligibility:	
Time (24h clock) of full eligibility:	
PROVISIONAL ELIGIBILITY	
Date (dd/mmm/yyyy) of provisional eligibility:	
Time (24h clock) of provisional eligibility:	
Eligibility reviewed by:	Signature:
(print investigator name)	
Date:// Time (24h)::	

### FORM 2 - CONSENT

1a) Was consent of ANY approved type (from patient or substitute decision maker) OR Y				
was a decision taken to randomize the patient using a deferred/delayed) consent				
mechanism (at sites where permitted)?	(If NO, remember to complete Form 3)			
1b) If NO, reason for inability to	Patient refusal			
obtain consent within 12 hours	Patient could not come to fina	l decision within 12 hours of		
	eligibility	decision within 12 hours of		
		lva aanaaity)		
	SDM refusal (when patient lac	2 27		
	SDM could not come to final	decision within 12 hours of		
	eligibility			
	Inability to contact a SDM dur	ring the 12 hour period after		
	fulfilling eligibility and deferred	d/delayed consent not an option		
	Other, specify:			
2a) Date of initial consent (from				
patient or SDM), OR documentation	(dd/mn	nm/yyyy)		
for use of deferred/delayed consent	(00) 1111	,		
2b) Time of initial consent (24h) OR				
documentation of use of	24 ho	ur clock		
deferred/delayed consent model	21 1301	WI WOUNG		
3) What type of consent model was	Patient consent	SDM consent (Go to Q4)		
used for study entry (i.e., prior to	Deferred/delayed consent	Other, specify:		
randomization)?	model (Go to Q5)	outer, speerly.		
4) If SDM consent (in person or via		N. W.		
4) If SDM consent (in person or via telephone) was obtained for study	☐ Yes	No; Why not?		
/	Date of Patient Consent:	Patient did not regain capacity		
entry, was consent ultimately obtained from the patient to		Patient refused		
continue participation in STARRT-	(dd/mmm/yyyy)	N/A		
AKI post-randomization?	Time (24h): [ ]: [ ]			
5) If a deferred/delayed consent	Yes	No		
model was used, was consent				
obtained to continue participation	By what method(s) was	By what method(s) was		
in STARRT-AKI post-	consent to continue	consent to continue		
randomization?	participation in STARRT-AKI	participation in STARRT-AKI		
Tandonnization.	post-randomization obtained?	post-randomization either		
	(Check all that apply)	declined or not obtained?		
	Patient consent	(Check all that apply)		
	SDM consent	Patient declined		
		SDM declined		
	U Other, specify:	Patient died before consent		
		encounter could take place		
		Patient lost to follow-up		
		Patient did not regain capacity		
		and unable to contact a decision maker		
		Language barrier and no		
		translator available		
		Other, specify:		

Subject ID:				
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### FORM 3 - PROVISIONALLY ELIGIBLE BUT NOT RANDOMIZED

(Only complete this form for patients excluded from participation due to exclusion criterion 9, exclusion criterion 10, or an inability to document consent/deferral of consent within 12 hours of meeting full eligibility criteria)

Screening ID							
Age (on the day of eligibility screening)							
Patient Initials:							
Sex:					Male Fo	emale	
BLOODWOR	<b>K</b> (last available v	ralue at the time	of eligibility scre	ening)			
Arterial pH							
PaO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub>							
Serum potassiu	ım			mmol/L			
Serum bicarbo	nate			mmol/L			
Serum Urea or	BUN				mmol/L or	mg/dL	
Serum creatini	ne				] µmol/L or [	mg/dL	
INTERVENT	TIONS (at the tin	ne of eligibility as	ssessment)	•			
Receiving med	hanical ventilat	ion? (invasive or	r non-invasive)		YN		
Receiving vasopressor(s)(norepinephrine, epinephrine, vasopressin, phenylephrine) and/or inotrope(s) (dobutamine, milrinone)?				Y N			
<b>SOFA</b> (most extreme result for each component in the 24 hours p				preceding eligibil	ity assessment) –	see appendix	
SOFA Score		0	1	2	3	4	
Respiration	PaO2/FiO2	> 400	≤ 400 ± resp support	≤ 300 ± resp support	≤ 200 + resp support	< 100 + resp support	
	Score:						
Coagulation	Platelets (x10°/L)	>150	101- 150	50-100	20-49	<20	
	Score:						
Liver	Bilirubin	<20 μmol/L (<1.2 mg/dL)	20-32 μmol/L (1.2-1.9 mg/dL)	33-101 μmol/L (2.0-5.9 mg/dL)	102-204 μmol/L (6.0-11.9 mg/dL)	>204 μmol/L (>11.9 mg/dL)	
	Score:				DA : 5 (1 / :	DA: 45 (1)	
Cardiovascular	Blood Pressure and Support Requirements	MAP ≥ 70 mmHg	MAP < 70 mmHg	DA ≤ 5 μg/kg/min or Dobutamine (any dose) or Milrinone (any dose)	DA >5 μg/kg/min  or  EPI ≤ 0.1μg/kg/min  or  NE ≤ 0.1  μg/kg/min  or  VP ≤ 1.8 U/hr  or  Phenylephrine (any infusion dose but NOT bolus)	DA > 15 μg/kg/min or EPI > 0.1μg/kg/min or NE > 0.1 μg/kg/min or VP > 1.8 U/hr	
	Score:						

Subject ID: _	<del>-</del>					
CNS	Glasgow Coma Scale	15	13-14	10-12	6-9	<6
	Score:					
Renal	Creatinine	≤ 97 μmol/L (≤1.1 mg/dL)	98 – 168 μmol/L (1.2- 1.9mg/dL)	169 – 299 µmol/L (2.0- 3.4 mg/dL)	$300 - 433$ $\mu \text{mol/L } (3.5\text{-}4.9)$ $mg/dL) \text{ or urine}$ $output \leq 500$ $mL/day$	≥ 433 µmol/L (≥5.0 mg/dL) or urine output < 200 mL/d or patient receiving RRT
	Score:					
To				tal SOFA score	:	
OUTCOME	S					
RRT administered in the hospital?				YN		
If YES, date started (dd/mmm/yyyy):						
Discharged alive from ICU?				Y N		
If YES, date of ICU discharge (dd/mmm/yyyy):						
Discharged a	alive from hospital	1?		☐ Y		
If YES: Date of hospital discharge (dd/mmm/yyyy): Final creatinine prior to hospital discharge: RRT dependent at hospital discharge?						
Death in hospital?			Y N			
If YES, date of death (dd/mmm/yyyy):						

### **FORM 4 – RANDOMIZATION**

<b>RANDOMIZATION</b> (prior to randomizing ensure that patient is fully eligible and that consent or deferral of					
consent has been documented)					
Date of Randomization (dd-mmm-yyyy)					
Time of Randomization (24 hr clock)					
Randomization Arm	Accelerated RRT initiation				
	Standard RRT initiation				
Is this patient randomized in the PLUS (Plasma-Lyte	Y N				
148® versUs Saline) Study?					
If YES: What is the PLUS Treatment Pack number for this patient?					

Subject ID: \_\_\_\_\_-\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

# PART II: BASELINE

Subject ID:	-		

### FORM 5: DEMOGRAPHICS & DETAILS OF HOSPITALIZATION

DEMOGRAPHICS				
Date of Birth  If you ethics board does not permit collection please enter the day as 1, 15, or 30 as per y			(dd-mm	m-yyyy)
Sex			Male	Female
Race		First Nati Asian Black Hawaiian	ions /Pacific Islan	nder
		White [	Multi-race	e Other
Ethnicity		Non-His	panic Hi	spanic
Earliest available weight since adr	nission		<b>.</b> kg	pounds
DETAILS OF HOSPITALIZATION	ON			
Patient transferred from another acute care hospital?	Yes  Date of original hospi	tal	Date of ho	ospital admission at
	admission (dd-mmm-y	ууу):	research s	ite (dd-mmm-yyyy):
	(date of hospital admission at research site - dd-mmm-yyyy):			CU admission (dd- ): CU admission (24hr
	Date of ICU admissio research site (dd-mmm			
	Time of ICU admission research site (24hr clood			
Diagnostic category (check the ONE category most responsible	Cardiovascular		Respiratory	
for admission):	Gastrointestinal/he	_	Jeurologic	
	Metabolic		Hematologic	
	Septic Septic		Trauma	
	Other, specify			

## **FORM 6- RISK FACTORS**

PRE-HOSPITALIZATION RISK FACTORS	
Baseline serum creatinine (closest outpatient value prior to the present hospitalization that is obtained no more than 365 days before the admission date for the current hospitalization; if such a value is not available, the lowest serum creatinine obtained on the present hospitalization is the baseline)  Baseline estimated GFR based on CKD-EPI formula (online calculator at <a href="http://www.qxmd.com/calculate-">http://www.qxmd.com/calculate-</a>	\( \text{µmol/L or } \text{mg/dL} \)  Value obtained from:  Outpatient setting  Inpatient setting  mL/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup>
Online/nephrology/ckd-epi-egfr)  Pre-hospitalization urine albumin concentration (closest outpatient value prior to the present hospitalization and no more than 365 days before the current admission date)	Or Units:  Not available or mg/L  Exceeds upper limit of detection
Pre-hospitalization urine protein concentration (if urine albumin concentration not available) (closest outpatient value prior to the present hospitalization and no more than 365 days before the current admission date)	Not available or  Exceeds upper limit of detection  Units:  mg/L g/L
Pre-hospitalization urine creatinine concentration (closest outpatient value prior to the present hospitalization and no more than 365 days before the current admission date)	Not available or  Exceeds upper limit of detection  Units:  mmol/L  mg/L  g/L
Pre-hospitalization urinalysis (if neither urine albumin concentration nor urine protein concentration are available) (closest outpatient value prior to the present hospitalization and no more than 365 days before the current admission date)	None       3+         1+       Not Available         2+
Hypertension	$\square$ Y $\square$ N
Diabetes mellitus	☐ Y ☐ N
Heart failure	Y N
Coronary artery disease	☐ Y ☐ N
Liver disease	☐ Y ☐ N
HOSPITAL-ACQUIRED RISK FACTORS FOR AKI	
Cardiopulmonary bypass in the preceding 7 days	☐ Y ☐ N
Aortic aneurysm repair in the preceding 7 days	☐ Y ☐ N
Other vascular surgery in the preceding 7 days	☐ Y ☐ N
Trauma in the preceding 7 days	Y N
IV contrast exposure in the preceding 7 days	Y N

Subject ID:							
Receipt of ami	noglycoside in	the preceding 7	days		Y N		
Receipt of amp	photericin B in t	he preceding 7	days		YN		
Obstetric com	plications in the	preceding 7 d	ays		YN		
SEPSIS							
_	et criteria for se	psis (see apper	ndix) in		Y N		
the preceding	72 hours?						
	FC	)RM 7 – PRI	E-RANDOM	IZATION SO	<u>DFA</u>		
<b>SOFA</b> (most ex	treme result for e	each component	in the 24 hours	preceding randor	mization) – see ap	pendix	
SOFA Score		0	1	2	3	4	
			≤ 400	≤ 300	≤ 200	< 100	
Respiration	PaO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub>	> 400	± resp	± resp	+ resp support	+ resp suppor	
	Score:		support	support			
	Platelets	>150	101-150	50-100	20-49	<20	
Coagulation	(x10 <sup>9</sup> /L) Score:						
Liver	Bilirubin		 20-32 μmol/L	33-101 μmol/L	102-204 μmol/L		
Livei	Diffusiti	<20 μmol/L (<1.2 mg/dL)	(1.2-1.9	(2.0-5.9	(6.0-11.9	>204 μmol/L (>11.9 mg/dL)	
	Score:	( 11.2 mg/ arz)	mg/dL)	mg/dL)	mg/dL)		
	Score.			Dopamine ≤ 5	Dopamine >5	<b>Dopamine</b> > 15	
Cardiovascular				μg/kg/min or	μg/kg/min or	μg/kg/min or	
				<b>Dobutamine</b> (any dose)	<b>Epinephrine</b> ≤ 0.1μg/kg/min	Epinephrine > 0.1µg/kg/min	
	Blood	Mean Arterial		or <b>Milrinone</b> (any	or	or	
	Pressure and	Pressure	MAP < 70	dose)	Norpinephrine ≤ 0.1 μg/kg/min	Norpinephrine > 0.1 μg/kg/min	
	Support Requirements	$(MAP) \ge 70$ mmHg	mmHg		or Vasopressin ≤ 1.8	Or Vasopressin >1.8	
	Requirements				U/hr	U/hr	
					or Phenylephrine		
					(any infusion dose but NOT bolus)		
	Score:						
CNS	Glasgow Coma Scale	15	13-14	10-12	6-9	<6	
	Score:						
Renal	Creatinine	≤ 97 μmol/L (≤1.1 mg/dL)	98 – 168 μmol/L (1.2- 1.9mg/dL)	169 – 299 μmol/L (2.0- 3.4 mg/dL)	300 - 433 $\mu$ mol/L (3.5-4.9 mg/dL) or urine output $\leq 500$	≥ 433 µmol/L (≥5.0 mg/dL) or urine output < 200 mL/d or	
	Score:				mL/day	patient receiving RRT	

Total SOFA score:

Subject ID:				
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## FORM 8 – PRE-RANDOMIZATION SEVERITY OF ILLNESS

<b>SAPS II</b> (Worst value during the 24 hours prece	ding randomization)	
Heart rate	beats/min	Not Available
Systolic blood pressure	mmHg	Not Available
Temperature	degrees Celsius	Not Available
	degrees F	
Glasgow coma scale		Not Available
Mechanical ventilation or CPAP?	Yes No	
If YES, PaO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub>		Not Available
Urine output in ICU over preceding 24	mL	Not Available
hours:		
If patient has been in ICU for under 24 hours,		
record urine output and specify the duration of	hours	
collection:		
Blood urea nitrogen	mmol/L or mg/dL	Not Available
Serum urea	mmol/L or mg/dL	Not Available
Serum sodium	mmol/L or	Not Available
Serum potassium	mmol/L or	Not Available
Serum bicarbonate	mmol/L or	Not Available
Bilirubin	µmol/L ormg/dL	Not Available
WBC count	$\square$ $\mathbf{x}10^9/\mathbf{L}$ or	Not Available
Metastatic cancer	Yes No	
Hematologic malignancy	Yes No	
AIDS	Yes No	
Type of admission:	Scheduled surgical	
	Unscheduled surgical	
	Medical	
SAPS II Score (optional – will be calculated at		
the end of the study):		

Subjec	t ID:		_		

### FORM 9 – PRE-RANDOMIZATION DATA

PHYSIOLOGIC PARAMETERS (last available value from the 24 hours preceding randomization)			
Respiratory rate (breaths/min)		or Not Available	
Arterial pH		or Not Available	
Cumulative fluid balance since current ICU	(Circle) + / -	mL or Not Available	
admission			
LABORATORY DATA (last available value from			
Serum creatinine	μmol/L or	mg/dL Not Available	
Hemoglobin		/dL or Not Available	
Platelet count	$1 \times 10^9 / L$ or	Not Available	
INTERVENTIONS AT TIME OF RANDO			
If receiving mechanical ventilation or CPAP	Maximum PEEP:	$cmH_20$ <b>or</b> $\square$ Not Applicable	
Man dans of manning above	Mean Airway Pressure	] cmH <sub>2</sub> 0 <b>or</b> $[]$ Not Applicable	
Max dose of norepinephrine	μg/kg/min	or Not Applicable	
Max dose of epinephrine	μg/kg/min	or Not Applicable	
Max dose of vasopressin	units/hour	or Not Applicable	
Max dose of phenylephrine	µg/kg/min	or Not Applicable	
Max dose of dopamine	µg/kg/min	or Not Applicable	
Max dose of dobutamine	μg/kg/min	or Not Applicable	
Max dose of levosimendan	µg/kg/min	or Not Applicable	
Max dose of milrinone	ug/kg/min μg/kg/min	or Not Applicable	
Receipt of diuretic 24 hours preceding	Yes	No	
randomization?			
Receipt of total parenteral nutrition (TPN)?	Yes	No	
Receipt of enteral nutrition?	Yes	No	
QUALITY OF LIFE ASSESSMENTS AT B	ASELINE (see appendix)		
EQ-5D-5L Assessment completed by:	Patient SDM,	Other Not done	
Mobility (score 1-5; missing 9)			
Self-care (score 1-5; missing 9)			
Usual activities (score 1-5; missing 9)			
Pain/discomfort (score 1-5; missing 9)			
Anxiety/depression (score 1-5;			
missing 9)	_		
<b>EQ-VAS score</b> (score 0 – 100)			

Subject ID:
CLINICAL FRAILTY SCORE
1- Very Fit – robust, active, energetic and motivated
2- Well –no active disease symptoms but are less fit, active occasionally
3- Managing Well –well controlled medical problems, not regularly active
4- Vulnerable – not dependent, symptoms limit activities
5- Mildly Frail – more evident slowing need help with high order independent activities of daily living
6- Moderately Frail – need help with all outside activities, keeping house, bathing, and often have problems with
stairs
7- Severely Frail – complete dependence for personal care (physical or cognitive)
8- Very Severely Frail –approaching end of life, unlikely to recover from minor illness.
9- Terminally Ill – life expectancy <6 months who are not otherwise evidently frail

# PART III: DAILY DATA DAY 0 TO DAY 14

Subject ID:		_		

# FORM 10 – DAILY DATA: DAYS 0 TO 14

Note: Record the first value of the day. Daily Data is only collected when patient is in the ICU.

Assessment Day (Day 0=Day of Randomization)	□ Day 0       □ Day 1       □ Day 2       □ Day 3         □ Day 4       □ Day 5       □ Day 6       □ Day 7					
	Day 8 Day 9 Day 10 Day 11					
	☐ Day 12 ☐ Day 13 ☐ Day 14					
Assessment Date						
(dd-mmm-yyyy)						
LABORATORY AND PHYSIOLOGIC PAI	RAMETERS					
Urine Output on study day	mL					
Hours of urine collection	24h					
Total fluid balance	mL					
Serum Creatinine	μmol/L or mg/dL					
Serum Potassium	mmol/L					
	If serum potassium was <3.0 at any time during the study day,					
	and if this event was deemed to be related to study procedures,					
C DI 1	then please complete the AE form.					
Serum Phosphate	mmol/L					
	If serum phosphate was <0.5 at any time during the study day,					
	and if this event was deemed to be related to study procedures,					
Serum Bicarbonate	then please complete the AE form.					
	mmol/L					
Arterial pH  Ionized calcium						
Tonized calcium	mmol/L					
	If ionized calcium was <0.90 at any time during the study day,					
	and if this event was deemed to be related to study procedures,					
	then please complete the AE form.					
PaO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub>						
Haemoglobin	g/L g/dL					
RENAL REPLACEMENT THERAPY						
Receiving RRT on study day? (Y/N)	Yes No					
If YES, was RRT <u>initiated</u>	Yes N/A- initiated on previous study day					
for the first time since randomization on study day?						
If receiving RRT on study day, RRT	IHD SLED					

modality	CRRT; dose prescribedmL/kg/hr
Duration prescribed	hours minutes
Anticoagulation	IV heparin regional citrate None
	Other, specify:
Ultrafiltration achieved	mL
VASCULAR ACCESS	
Vascular access inserted on study day?	Yes
	SITE: IJ Subclavian Femoral
	SIDE Right Left
	□ No

\*Criteria for RRT initiation in the standard arm:

Subject ID: \_\_\_\_ - \_\_

a) Persistent severe AKI defined as sCr that remains > 50% of the value recorded at randomization

### AND at least one of the following indications for RRT initiation:

- a) Serum potassium  $\geq$  6.0 mmol/L, or
- b) pH < 7.20 or serum bicarbonate  $\leq$  12 mmol/L, or
- c) Evidence of severe respiratory failure, based on a  $PaO_2/FiO_2 \le 200$  and clinical perception of volume overload, or
- d) Persistent severe AKI (sCr remains > 50% the value recorded at randomization) for > 72 hours from randomization

Subject ID:	-				
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### **FORM 11 – RRT INITIATION DATA**

Date and Time of RRT Initiation (insert the calendar date and time of RRT initiation)											
Date of RRT In (dd/mmm/yyy											
Time of RRT I		e last available result prior to RRT initiation for each component)									
	<b>Initiation</b> (use la			lt prior			or each	compo	,	T	
SOFA Score		(	)		1	2			3		4
Respiration	PaO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub>	> 400 ≤ 400 ± resp support		≤ 30 ± re supp	sp		200 support		100 support		
	Score:										
Coagulation	Platelets (x10 <sup>9</sup> /L)	>1	.50	103	1-150	50-1	00	2	0-49	<	<20
	Score:										
Liver	Bilirubin		mol/L ng/dL)	(1.	μmol/L 2-1.9 g/dL)	33-101 μ (2.0-1 mg/c	5.9	(6.	04 μmol/L 0-11.9 g/dL)		μmol/L mg/dL)
	Score:										
Cardiovascular	Blood Pressure and Support Requirements	Pres (MAP	Arterial ssure ) ≥ 70 nHg		P < 70 mHg	Dopamin μg/kg/n Dobutam dose or Milrinon dose	nin or ine (any e) ne (any	μg/ Epinep 0.1μg/k Norpin 0.1 μ Vasopi		μg/ Epinepi 0.1μg/kg Norpin 0.1 μg	
	Score:		_	Г			1	but N	OT bolus)	ſ	
CNS	Glasgow	L								l	
CINS	Coma Scale	1	5	13	3-14	10-1	12		6-9		<6
	Score:										
Renal	Creatinine		.mol/L ng/dL)	μmol	– 168 /L (1.2- ng/dL)	169 – μmol/L 3.4 mg	. (2.0-	µmol/ mg/dI outp	(2) - 433 (L (3.5-4.9) (L) or urine (ut $\leq 500$ ) (L/day)	(≥5.0 or urin < 200 pa	µmol/L mg/dL) ne output mL/d or utient ing RRT
	Score:										
				-	Tota	al SOFA	score:			•	
PHYSIOLOGI	C PARAMETI	ERS at F	RRT IN	ITIAT	ION (us	e last avai	lable re	sult prio	or to RRT	initiatio	n)
Heart rate beats/min											

Systolic blood pressure	mmHg
Temperature	degrees Celsius or degrees F
Respiratory rate	breaths/min
PaO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub>	
Urine output in preceding 24h	mL
Fluid balance up to time of RRT initiation	(Circle + / -) mL
LABORATORY DATA at RRT INITIATIO	N (use last available result prior to RRT initiation)
Serum creatinine	μmol/L or mg/dL
Blood urea nitrogen	mmol/L or mg/dL
Serum urea	mmol/L or mg/dL
Serum potassium	mmol/L
Serum bicarbonate	mmol/L
Arterial pH	
Hemoglobin	g/L or g/dL
RRT INITIATION	
If subject in the Standard arm, was criteria*	Yes
for initiating RRT met?	No
	N/A Subject in the accelerated arm
If NO, why was RRT initiated?	☐ Volume overload
(check all that apply):	Anuria / oliguria
	Creatinine increasing / AKI worsening
	Other specify

### \*Criteria for RRT initiation in the standard arm:

Subject ID: \_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_ -

**a.** Persistent severe AKI defined as sCr that remains > 50% of the value recorded at randomization

### AND at least one of the following indications for RRT initiation:

- a. Serum potassium  $\geq 6.0 \text{ mmol/L}$ , or
- b. pH < 7.20 or serum bicarbonate  $\leq$  12 mmol/L, or
- c. Evidence of severe respiratory failure, based on a  $PaO_2/FiO_2 < 200$  and clinical perception of volume overload, or
- **d.** Persistent severe AKI (sCr remains > 50% the value recorded at randomization) for > 72 hours from randomization

C1- :	4 ID.		
Subj	ect ID:	-	

### FORM 12 – ADVERSE EVENT DATA

Did the patient experience any adverse	L Y L N					
events (as defined by protocol) within the 14	If 'YES', complete the fields below for EACH adverse event					
days following randomization?	that occurred in the 14 days following randomization					
<b>Event number</b> (1, 2, 3, etc):						
Event Type (check only ONE):						
RRT-associated hypotension						
Severe hypophosphatemia (<0.5 mmol/L)						
Severe hypokalemia (<3.0 mmol/L)						
Severe hypocalcemia (Ionized calcium < 0.90	0 mmol/L)					
Allergic reaction to RRT						
Arrhythmia during RRT						
Seizure						
Major Bleeding						
Hemorrhage at site of CVC insertion						
CVC-associated bloodstream infection						
Ultrasonographically confirmed thrombus attributed to CVC						
Pneumothorax following CVC insertion						
Hemothorax following CVC insertion						
Inadvertent arterial puncture at time of CV	C insertion					
Other, specify:	_					
Event Details						
Event onset date:						
Event stop date:						
How was the event related to study	RRT-associated					
procedures?	CVC-associated					
	Other, specify:					
Was event classified as a serious adverse	Yes No					
event (SAE)	If YES, serious due to: (check all that apply)					

Subject ID:	
For this study, a reportable SAE must be considered:  i. an atypical event, defined as clinically significant and unexpected in the context of critical illness and associated AKI, AND;  ii. an event that is at least possibly related to study procedures.	Patient died Life-threatening Involved persistence of signficant disability or incapacity Involved hospitalization or prolongation of existing hospitalization
	If YES, date when Investigator became aware of the SAE:
Describe adverse event (including any relevant tests / lab data, actions taken, and resolution)	
SAE Resolution	Recovered Recovered to previous baseline Significant impairment Death Other; Specify:

# PART IV: PROTOCOL VIOLATIONS

Subject ID:	-		

# FORM 13 – PROTOCOL VIOLATIONS REGARDING THE TIMING OF RRT INITIATION

Was RRT initiated within the specified time intervals mandated by the protocol?  The specified time intervals are:	□ Y □ N
• within 12 hours of determination of eligibility in the accelerated arm;	
<ul> <li>&gt; 12 hours after determination of eligibility in the standard arm</li> <li>If NO and patient was randomized to accelerated RRT initiation, please clarify why RRT was not</li> </ul>	Problem with vascular access
started within 12 hours of determination of eligibility?	Dialysis machine not available Change in patient goals of care Clinical deterioration Other, specify:
If NO and patient was randomized to standard RRT initiation, please clarify why RRT was started within 12 hours of determination of eligibility?	<ul> <li>□ Volume overload</li> <li>□ Anuria / oliguria</li> <li>□ sCr increasing</li> <li>□ Severe acidosis</li> <li>□ Severe hyperkalemia</li> <li>□ Other, specify:</li> </ul>

# PART V: DISCHARGE & OUTCOMES

Subjec	t ID:		_		

### FORM 14 – ICU AND HOSPITAL DISCHARGE DATA

ICU DISCHARGE/DEATH – Complete	e for ALL patients
Alive at ICU discharge?	Y N N/A, still in ICU at Day 90
If YES:  Date of ICU discharge (dd-mmm-yyyy):	
Disposition at time of ICU discharge:	General Ward Chronic care facility Other acute care hospital Other, specify: hospital or facility
RRT administered (≥ 1 session) in 7 days following ICU discharge?	□Y □N
ICU readmission(s) during index hospitalization?	□ Y □ N
HOSPITAL DISCHARGE/DEATH	
Date of last RRT in hospital (dd-mmm-yyyy):	
Last serum creatinine recorded in the hospital	µmol/L or mg/dL
Date of last serum creatinine recorded in the hospital (dd-mmm-yyyy):	
Alive at hospital discharge?	Y N N/A, still in hospital at Day 90
If YES:  Date of hospital discharge (dd-mmm-yyyy):	
Disposition at time of hospital discharge:	Home Chronic care facility Other acute care hospital Other, specify: hospital or facility Inpatient rehabilitation hospital or facility
Plan for further RRT at the time of hospital discharge?	□ Y □ N

Subject ID:	
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### FORM 15 – RESOURCE UTILIZATION THROUGH DAY 28

HOSPITAL AND ICU RESOURCE USE (throughospitalization up to day 28)	gh D	ay 28: including the index hospita	alization and any re-
Total number ICU days: (≥ 2 hrs in ICU on any 24 hr day)		d:	ays
Total number of in-hospital RRT days: (≥ 2 hrs of RRT in a 24 hr day)		d:	ays
Number of days of mechanical ventilation (≥2 hrs of invasive or non-invasive ventilation in a 24hr day):		d:	ays
Number of days of vasoactive therapy (≥2 hrs of continuous infusion in a 24hr day):		d:	ays
Was patient re-admitted to hospital following discharge from their index hospitalization?		Y NNNA, not hospitalization by da	discharged from index
If YES: Record all hospital re-admissions from the	he da		
Re-admission Date	Dis	charge Date	Ongoing
1//			
2//			
3//			
4//			
5/			
6//			
7/			

### FORM 16 - DAY 90 OUTCOMES DATA

VITAL STATUS DATA AT 90 DAYS		
How was 90 day vital status obtained?	Medical record Phone call to other hospital/ other care centre/family doctor Phone call to pat family member Other, specify: Not obtained, ex	
Vital status at 90 days following randomization:	Alive Deceased	
If alive, disposition at 90 days:	Home Chronic care facility Study hospital Other acute care hospital Other, specify:	itation ty
KIDNEY FUNCTION AT 90 DAYS		
Requirement for RRT at 90 days following randomization? (If deceased at 90 days, select N/A)	Y Not Applicable Not available	/Unknown
Date of last RRT session prior to or on Day 90 (dd-mmm-yyyy)	/	no RRT
Date blood sample collected: (dd-mmm-yyyy)	Unknown	'A
Day 90 serum creatinine (µmol/L)	μmol/L or mg/dL or	]N/A
Date urine sample collected:		Ά
Day 90 eGFR	mL/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup>	
Day 90 urine albumin concentration	Units: mg/L g/L  Or N/A Exceeds upper limit of detection	
Day 90 urine creatinine concentration	Units: mmol/L mg/L g/L  Or N/A Exceeds upper limit of detection	

Subject ID:				
HOSPITAL RE-ADMISSIONS (Day 29 to Day 90)				
Was patient re-admitted to hospital between Day 29 and Day 90?	hospitaliz Not available/Unknown	lischarged from prior zation by day 90		
If YES: Record all hospital re-admissions from Day 29-D	Pay 90			
Re-admission Date Discha	arge Date	Ongoing		
	//			
	//			
QUALITY OF LIFE ASSESSMENTS AT 90 DAYS (see	appendix)			
EQ-5D-5L Assessment completed by:	Patient SDM	I/Other Not done		
Mobility (score 1-5; missing 9)				
Self-care (score 1-5; missing 9)				
Usual activities (score 1-5; missing 9)				
Pain/discomfort (score 1-5; missing 9)				
Anxiety/depression (score 1-5; missing 9)				
<b>EQ-VAS score</b> (score 0 – 100)				
CLINICAL FRAILTY SCORE				
<ul> <li>□ 1- Very Fit – robust, active, energetic and motivated</li> <li>□ 2- Well –no active disease symptoms but are less fit, active occasionally</li> <li>□ 3- Managing Well –well controlled medical problems, not regularly active</li> <li>□ 4- Vulnerable – not dependent, symptoms limit activities</li> <li>□ 5- Mildly Frail – more evident slowing need help with high order independent activities of daily living</li> <li>□ 6- Moderately Frail – need help with all outside activities, keeping house, bathing, and often have problems with stairs</li> <li>□ 7- Severely Frail – complete dependence for personal care (physical or cognitive)</li> <li>□ 8- Very Severely Frail –approaching end of life, unlikely to recover from minor illness.</li> <li>□ 9- Terminally Ill – life expectancy &lt;6 months who are not otherwise evidently frail</li> </ul>				

Subject ID:		_		

### FORM 17: DEATH

(use this form only for patients that died between Day 0 to Day 90)

Date of Death			
	dd/ mmm/ yyyy		
Cause of Death	Cause of Death (check one category and one cause)		
	Neurological		
	Brain death		
	Hypoxic encephalopathy		
	Intracranial haemorrhage		
	Ischaemic stroke		
	Other; specify		
	Cardiovascular		
	Primary arrhythmia		
	Refractory cardiogenic shock including		
	pulmonary oedema		
	Cardiac tamponade		
	Hypovolaemia (uncontrollable bleeding)		
	Septic Shock		
	Massive pulmonary embolism		
	Anaphylaxis		
	Other; specify		
	Respiratory		
	Refractory hypoxia due to ARDS		
	COPD		
	Asthma		
	Pulmonary haemorrhage		
	Pneumothorax		
	Other; specify		
	Metabolic		
	☐ Hypoglycaemia		
	Hyperkalaemia		
	Hypothermia		
	Liver failure		
	Other; specify		

Subject ID:	
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### FORM 18 – RETROSPECTIVE AMENDMENT OF ELIGIBILITY

Date site 1 <sup>st</sup> became aware of change in eligibility	dd/ mmm/ yyyy
Please check the changed criteria (check all that apply):	
INCLUSION CRITERIA:	
1. Age ≥ 18 years	
Please add additional comments (if any) for inclusion # 1:	
2. Admission to a critical care unit (ICU)	
Please add additional comments (if any) for inclusion # 2:	
3. Evidence of kidney dysfunction [serum creatinine ≥100 μmol/L (1.1 mg/dL) in women and ≥130 μmol/L (1.5 mg/dL) in men]	
Please add additional comments (if any) for inclusion # 3:	
4i. ≥2-fold increase in serum creatinine (sCR) from baseline <sup>§</sup> (see definition below) or during the current hospitalization; OR	
Please add additional comments (if any) for inclusion # 4i:	
4ii. Achievement of a serum creatinine ≥ 354 μmol/L (4.0 mg/dL) with evidence of a minimum increase of 27 μmol/L (0.3 mg/dL) from a premorbid baseline <sup>§</sup> (see definition below) or during the current hospitalization	
Please add additional comments (if any) for inclusion # 4ii:	
4iii. Urine output < 6.0 mL/kg over the preceding 12 hours	
Please add additional comments (if any) for inclusion # 4iii:	

EXCLUSION CRITERIA:	
1. Serum potassium > 5.5 mmol/L	
Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 1:	
0 0 1: 1 445 1/1	 1
2. Serum bicarbonate < 15 mmol/L	
Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 2:	
3. Presence of a drug overdose that necessitates initiation of RRT	1
Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 3:	
Freuse and additional comments (if any) for exclusion $+$ 3.	
4. Lack of commitment to ongoing life support (including RRT)	]
Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 4:	
1 vouse and administration (if they) for total state in 1.	
5. Any RRT within the previous 2 months (either acute or chronic RRT)	
Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 5:	 •
(3 3/0	
6. Kidney transplant within the last 365 days	
Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 6:	

Subject ID: \_\_\_\_ - \_\_\_ - \_\_\_\_

7. Known pre-hospitalization advanced chronic kidney disease, defined by an eGFR < 20 mL/min/1.73m2  Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 7:  8. Presence or clinical suspicion of renal obstruction, rapidly progressive glomerulonephritis, vasculitis, thrombotic microangiopathy, or acute interstitial nephritis  Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 8:  9. Clinician(s) caring for patient believe(s) that immediate RRT is absolutely mandated  Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 9:  10. Clinician(s) caring for patient believe(s) that deferral of RRT initiation is mandated  Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 10:	Subject ID:	
8. Presence or clinical suspicion of renal obstruction, rapidly progressive glomerulonephritis, vasculitis, thrombotic microangiopathy, or acute interstitial nephritis  Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 8:  9. Clinician(s) caring for patient believe(s) that immediate RRT is absolutely mandated  Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 9:	eGFR <20 mL/min/1.73m2	
glomerulonephritis, vasculitis, thrombotic microangiopathy, or acute interstitial nephritis  Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 8:  9. Clinician(s) caring for patient believe(s) that immediate RRT is absolutely mandated  Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 9:  10. Clinician(s) caring for patient believe(s) that deferral of RRT initiation is mandated		
9. Clinician(s) caring for patient believe(s) that immediate RRT is absolutely mandated  Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 9:  10. Clinician(s) caring for patient believe(s) that deferral of RRT initiation is mandated	glomerulonephritis, vasculitis, thrombotic microangiopathy, or acute	
Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 9:  10. Clinician(s) caring for patient believe(s) that deferral of RRT initiation is mandated	Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 8:	
10. Clinician(s) caring for patient believe(s) that deferral of RRT initiation is mandated		
mandated	Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 9:	
Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 10:		
	Please add additional comments (if any) for exclusion # 10:	

Subjec	t ID:		_		

### FORM 19 – STUDY TERMINATION/EARLY DISCONTINUATION

Did the patient complete the full study to 90 days?	☐ YES  Date of Study Completion:  ☐ NO  Date of Early Discontinuation:
If no, reason for not completing the study:	Patient or SDM withdrew consent  Date of withdrawal://
Was consent obtained for the linkage of personal information with administrative data for the purpose of long-term follow-up (vital status, RRT dependence) at 365 days?  (i.e., optional sub-study with follow-up to day 365)	☐ Y ☐ N ☐ Not Applicable, site not participating in sub-study

Study Completion (Attestation)					
Forms completed by:(please print	Signature:t name)	Date:	//		
Principal Investigator:	Signature of PI:	Data	/ /		
(please print		Date.	//		

### FORM 20 - DAY 365 OUTCOMES DATA

VITAL STATUS DATA AT 365 DAYS			
Vital status at 365 days following	Alive Deceased		
randomization:			
KIDNEY FUNCTION AT 365 DAYS			
Requirement for RRT at 365 days			
following randomization? (If deceased	Y N N/A Not Available/Unknown		
at 365 days, select N/A)	T TV/11 TVOCTIVALIABLE/ CTIKNOWN		
OHALITY OF LIFE ACCECMENTE A	T 205 DAVO ( 1° )		
QUALITY OF LIFE ASSESSMENTS A EQ-5D-5L Assessment completed by:			
<u> </u>	Patient SDM/Other Not done		
Mobility (score 1-5; missing 9)			
<b>Self-care</b> (score 1-5; missing 9)			
<b>Usual activities</b> (score 1-5; missing 9)			
Pain/discomfort (score 1-5; missing 9)			
<b>Anxiety/depression</b> (score 1-5; missing			
9)			
<b>EQ-VAS score</b> (score $0 - 100$ )			
CLINICAL FRAILTY SCORE			
1- Very Fit – robust, active, energetic a			
2- Well –no active disease symptoms b			
3- Managing Well –well controlled med 4- Vulnerable – not dependent, symptom			
	g need help with high order independent activities of daily living		
	all outside activities, keeping house, bathing, and often have problems		
with stairs			
7- Severely Frail – complete dependence for personal care (physical or cognitive)			
8- Very Severely Frail –approaching end of life, unlikely to recover from minor illness.			
9- Terminally Ill – life expectancy <6 months who are not otherwise evidently frail			
Principal Investigator:	Signature of PI: Date:/		
(please print name)	(dd mm yyyy)		

# Appendix 1: SOFA score worksheet

	0	1	2	3	4	
Respiration PaO <sub>2</sub> /FiO <sub>2</sub>	> 400	$\leq 400 \leq 300$ (± resp. support)		≤ 200 ≤ 100 (+ resp. support)		
Coagulation Platelets(x 109/L)	>150 101-150		50-100	20-49	≤ 20 >204 μmol/L (>11.9 mg/dL)	
<i>Liver</i> Bilirubin	$\leq 20  \mu \text{mol/l}$		33-101 μmol/L (2.0-5.9 mg/dL)	102-204 μmol/L (6.0- 11.9 mg/dL)		
Cardiovascular	MAP ≥ 70 mmHg	MAP < 70 mmHg	DA ≤ 5 µg/kg/min or dobutamine (any dose) or milrinone (any dose)	DA > 5  µg/kg/min or  EPI ≤ 0.1  µg/kg/min or  NE ≤ 0.1  µg/kg/min  or VP ≤ 1.8  U/hr or  phenylephrine  (any dose if  given as infusion  NOT bolus)	DA > 15 μg/kg/min or EPI > 0.1 μg/kg/min or NE > 0.1 μg/kg/min or VP > 1.8 U/hr	
CNS Glasgow Coma Scale	15 13-1		10-12	6-9	< 6	
Renal Creatinine	≤ 97 μmol/L (≤1.1 mg/dL)	98-168 μmol/L (1.2-1.9mg/dL)	169-299 μmol/L (2.0- 3.4 mg/dL)	303 – 433 µmol/L (3.5- 4.9 mg/dL) or urine output ≤ 500 mL/day	≥ 433 µmol/L (≥5.0 mg/dL) or urine output < 200 mL/d or patient receiving RRT	

Subject ID:
Appendix 2:
Criteria for Diagnosis of Sepsis
Has patient met criteria for sepsis in the preceding 72 hours? Based on the criteria below, indicate whether or not the patient has sepsis.
Criterion 1: Presence of infection  a) Documented positive culture of normally sterile body fluid Yes   No
OR
<ul> <li>b) Probable infection (defined as one of the following): <ul> <li>White cells in normally sterile body fluid Yes No Perforated viscus Yes No Series</li> <li>Radiographic evidence of pneumonia associated with production of purulent sputum Yes No Series</li> <li>Syndrome associated with high risk of infection (for example, ascending cholangitis, necrotizing pancreatitis)</li> <li>Yes No Series</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Criterion 2: Evidence of systemic inflammatory response syndrome
<ul> <li>At least 2 of the 4 following criteria must be met in the past 24 hours</li> <li>1. Temperature ≥38°C or ≤36°C     Yes  No  </li> <li>2. Heart rate ≥90 beats/minute, except in patients with a medical condition known to cause tachycardia or receiving treatment that would prevent tachycardia  Yes  No  </li> <li>3. Respiratory rate ≥20 breaths/minute or PaCO₂ ≤32 mmHg or the use of mechanical ventilation for acute respiratory failure  Yes  No  </li> <li>4. White blood cell count ≥12 000/mm³ or ≤4000/mm³ or a differential count showing &gt;10 percent immature neutrophils</li> </ul>
Yes ☐ No ☐

Subject ID: -	
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### Appendix 3: EQ-5D-5L and VAS



### **Health Questionnaire**

### **English version for Canada**

#### SCRIPT FOR TELEPHONE INTERVIEW

#### **GENERAL INTRODUCTION**

It is suggested that the telephone interviewer follows the script of the EQ-5D. Although allowance should be made for the interviewer's particular style of speaking, the wording of the questionnaire instructions should be followed as closely as possible. In the case of the EQ-5D descriptive system on pages 2 and 3, the precise wording must be followed.

It is recommended that the interviewer has a copy of the EQ-5D in front of him or her while it is administered over the telephone. This enables the respondent's answers to be entered directly on the EQ-5D by the interviewer on behalf of the respondent (i.e. the appropriate boxes on pages 2 and 3 are marked and the scale on page 4 is marked at the point indicating the respondent's 'health today'). The respondent should also have a copy of the EQ-5D in front of him or her for reference. If the respondent asks for clarification, the interviewer can help by re-reading the question verbatim. The interviewer should not try to offer his or her own explanation but suggest that the respondent uses his or her own interpretation.

If the respondent has difficulty regarding which box to mark, the interviewer should repeat the question verbatim and ask the respondent to answer in a way that most closely resembles his or her thoughts about his or her health today.

Subject ID:
INTRODUCTION TO EQ-5D
(Note to interviewer: please read the following to the respondent)
We are trying to find out what you think about your health. I will first ask you some simple questions about your health TODAY. I will then ask you to rate your health on a measuring scale. I will explain what to do as I go along but please interrupt me if you do not understand something or if things are not clear to you. Please also remember that there are no right or wrong answers. We are interested here only in your personal view.
EQ-5D DESCRIPTIVE SYSTEM: INTRODUCTION
First I am going to read out some questions. Each question has a choice of five answers. Please tell me which answer best describes your health TODAY. Do not choose more than one answer in each group of questions.
(Note to interviewer: it may be necessary to remind the respondent regularly that the timeframe is TODAY. It may also be necessary to repeat the questions verbatim.)
EQ-5D DESCRIPTIVE SYSTEM MOBILITY
First I'd like to ask you about mobility. Would you say that:
1. You have no problems in walking about?
2. You have slight problems in walking about?
<ul><li>3. You have moderate problems in walking about?</li><li>4. You have severe problems in walking about?</li></ul>
5. You are unable to walk about?
(Note to interviewer: mark the appropriate box on the EQ-5D questionnaire)
SELF-CARE
Next I'd like to ask you about self-care. Would you say that:
1. You have no problems washing or dressing yourself?
2. You have slight problems washing or dressing yourself?
2 37 1 1 4 11 11 1 1 160

- 3. You have moderate problems washing or dressing yourself?
- 4. You have severe problems washing or dressing yourself?
- 5. You are unable to wash or dress yourself?

(Note to interviewer: mark the appropriate box on the EQ-5D questionnaire)

Subjec	t ID:		-		

#### **USUAL ACTIVITIES**

Next I'd like to ask you about your usual activities, for example work, study, housework, family or leisure activities. Would you say that:

- 1. You have no problems doing your usual activities?
- 2. You have slight problems doing your usual activities?
- 3. You have moderate problems doing your usual activities?
- 4. You have severe problems doing your usual activities?
- 5. You are unable to do your usual activities?

(Note to interviewer: mark the appropriate box on the EQ-5D questionnaire)

#### PAIN/DISCOMFORT

Next I'd like to ask you about pain or discomfort. Would you say that:

- 1. You have no pain or discomfort?
- 2. You have slight pain or discomfort?
- 3. You have moderate pain or discomfort?
- 4. You have severe pain or discomfort?
- 5. You have extreme pain or discomfort?

(Note to interviewer: mark the appropriate box on the EQ-5D questionnaire)

#### ANXIETY/DEPRESSION

Finally I'd like to ask you about anxiety or depression. Would you say that:

- 1. You are not anxious or depressed?
- 2. You are slightly anxious or depressed?
- 3. You are moderately anxious or depressed?
- 4. You are severely anxious or depressed?
- 5. You are extremely anxious or depressed?

(*Note to interviewer: mark the appropriate box on the EQ-5D questionnaire*)

Subject ID:	
	The best health
EQ VAS: INTRODUCTION	you can imagine
(Note for administrator: if possible, it might be useful to send a visual aid (i.e. the EQ VAS) before the telephone call so that the respondent can have this in front of him or her when completing the task)	
Now, I would like to ask you to say how good or bad your health is TODAY.	<u> </u>
I'd like you to try to picture in your mind a scale that looks rather like a thermometer. Can you do that? The best health you can imagine is marked 100 (one hundred) at the top of the scale and the worst health you can imagine is marked 0 (zero) at the bottom.	<u>+</u> + + +
EQ VAS: TASK	<u> </u>
I would now like you to tell me the point on this scale where you would put your health today.	<u> </u>
(Note to interviewer: mark the scale at the point indicating the respondent's 'health today')	<u>‡</u>
Thank you for taking the time to answer these questions.	<u>+</u>
	+
	<u> </u>
	事