# Writing Assignments in the Faculty of Science: Program Profiles of Seven Departments

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#### Our Study

- Based on earlier study of syllabi (Graves, Hyland & Samuels, 2010)
- Conducted at WLU Faculty of Science
- 3600 full-time undergraduate Science students / ~ 17000 students
- 7 departments:
  - Biology, Chemistry
  - Health Sciences, Kinesiology
  - Mathematics, Physics and Computer Science
  - Psychology
- Collected 2012-13 academic year syllabi for all courses taught

Table 1.

Number of courses and assignments by program

		Number of courses	Number of writing assignments	Mean number of assignments/course	SD
	Biology	55	115	2.10	2.44
	Chemistry	55	83	1.51	2.00
	Health Sciences	12	29	2.42	1.73
	Kinesiology	36	72	2.00	1.57
	Math	43	10	0.23	1.15
<b>&gt;</b>	Physics/CSci	55	15	0.27	.56
	Psychology	97	204	2.10	2.29
	Total	353	528	1.50	2.04

Comparison: History = 3.71 (2014 study)

## Table 2. Assignment labels across all departments

Presentation (n = 104)	Report (n = 94)	Paper ( n = 71)	Assignment (n = 69)		
Group	Integrative	Critical appraisal	Group		
Lab report	Interim	Discussion	Integrative		
Proposal	General	Group term	Laboratory		
Research article	Lab	Major	Self-reflective		
Seminar	Lab notebook	Reflection	Writing		
	Project		Media		

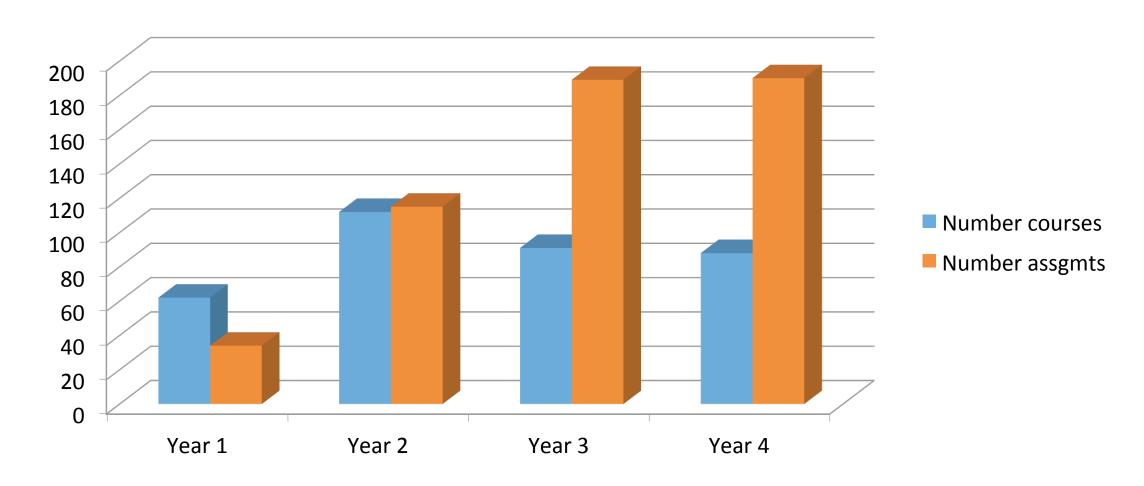
<sup>\*</sup> most common of 528 assignment labels

Table 3.

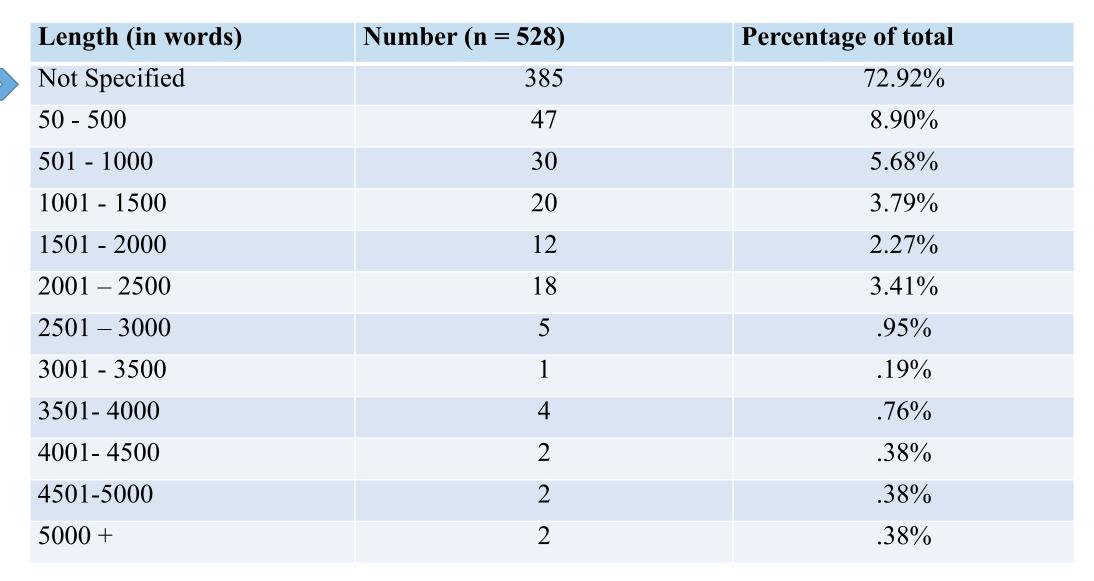
Number of courses and writing assignments by level

Level	Number of courses	Number of writing assignments	Number of courses with no writing assignments
Level 1	62 (17.6%)	34 (6.4%)	50 (28.7%)
Level 2	112 (31.7%)	115 (21.8%)	69 (39.7%)
Level 3	91 (25.8%)	189 (35.8%)	35 (20.1%)
Level 4	88 (24.9%)	190 (36.0%)	20 (11.5%)
Total	353 (100%)	528 (100%)	174 (100%)

### Table 3. Number of courses and writing assignments by level



### Table 4. Writing assignments by length



### Table 5. Additional characteristics of assignments

Characteristics of assignments	Assignments contained this characteristic	Assignments did not contain this characteristic
Nested	161 (30.5%)	367 (69.5%)
Learning Goal	269 (50.9%)	259 (49.1%)
Description	397 (75.2%)	131 (24.8%)
Grading Rubric	178 (33.7%	350 (66.3%)
Resources for Assignment	117 (22.2%)	411 (77.8%)
References Required	130 (24.6%)	398 (75.4%)
Feedback	45 (8.5%)	483 (91.5%)

### Program Profile for Biology Department

Level	Courses Offered	Number of Courses with Writing	Percent of Courses with Writing	Assign-	Length: No Details	Length 1 -500 words	Length 1000- 2500 words	Value No Details	Value 1 – 10%	Value 11-20%	Feedback
1	2	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	11	1	9 %	10	4	6	0	0	7	3	7
3	17	13	76 %	42	30	8	3	0	28	8	8
4	25	22	88%	63	47	4	12	1	40	14	4
Total	55	36	66%	115	81	18	15	1	75	25	19



#### Biology Department Profile summary

- No writing in first-year courses
- Very little writing in second-year courses
- Lots of writing in 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> year
- Length of assignments is usually not specified; when specified it is usually between 2-10 pages
- Most assignments are low stakes (worth 10% or less)
- Students are rarely given feedback in progress

#### Questions that profiles raise

- Is the amount of writing we are assigning what we expected to see?
- What types of writing do we want our students to master?
   Are they practicing this?
- Should we plan for more/less writing?
- What supports are we building into assignments to help students understand our expectations?
- Do we have a systematic plan of assignments/goals in place so our students develop writing competence over the 4 years of the program?

#### Faculty responses

- Profiles were provided to department chairs in a 1-on-1 meeting
- Some resistance encountered ("we actually do more writing than the syllabi indicate")
- Some eagerness and gratitude ("we can see what we're doing and where we need to make changes")
- Some departments are pro-active and involve all faculty in developing effective writing pedagogy to achieve specified learning goals
- Some departments feel under-prepared to teach writing
- Some departments (e.g., Math) felt the profiles aren't helpful because the writing they do is "different"

#### Conclusions

- Profiles are most useful when the whole department acknowledges a need to change pedagogical practices
- Profiles can identify existing strengths as well as weaknesses in programming
- Profiles are teaching tools can help faculty/depts identify best practices
- Profiles are least successful when viewed as a critique of the department or its members
- Profiles allow easy comparison over time to measure changes (i.e., program evaluation tool)
- Whole faculty profiles may use comparison between departments to effect change

#### Implications and connections to literature

- Lack of coherent curriculum planning
- Systemic differences between research and practice work against faculty prioritization of writing (see Reynolds, Thaiss, Katkin, & Thompson, 2012)
- Academic writing instruction early in university students' careers may be beneficial (see Smith, T.A., 2006), in addition to ongoing instruction

#### Future:

How can these barriers and the goal of early instruction be addressed?

Thank you.

Questions?